THEOREM OF THE DAY

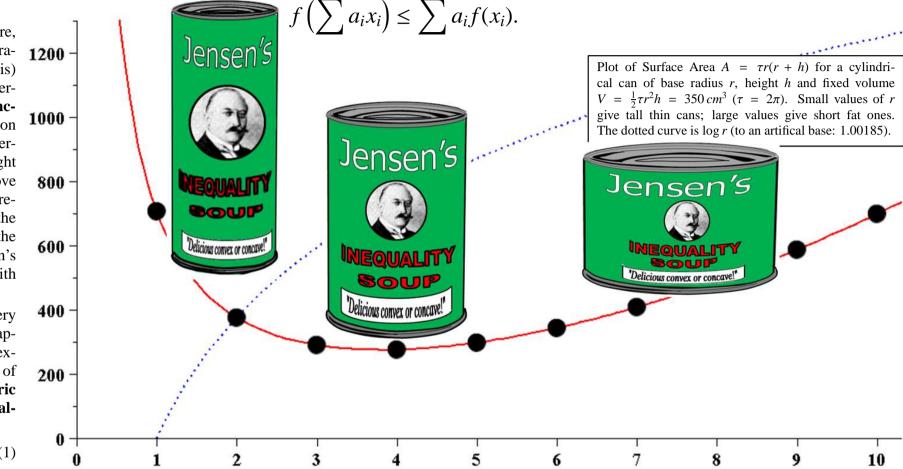
Jensen's Inequality If f is a real convex function, x_1, \ldots, x_n are values in the domain of f, and a_1, \ldots, a_n are positive real numbers summing to 1 then



The function plotted here, showing relationship of radius in *cm* (horizontal axis) to surface area in cm² (vertical axis) is a convex function: for any two points on the plotted curve, all internal points on the straight line joining them lie above the curve. If 'above' is replaced by 'below' then the function is concave, e.g. the log r curve, and Jensen's Inequality is reversed, with the $\sum a_i f(x_i)$ on the left.

Jensen's Inequality is very general and has many applications, a classic example being the proof of the Arithmetic-Geometric Mean (AM-GM) Inequality:

 $\sqrt[n]{\prod x_i} \le \frac{1}{n} \sum x_i. \tag{1}$



Indeed, using the concave function $\log x$, with all the a_i set equal to 1/n: $\sum \left(\frac{1}{n}\log(x_i)\right) \leq \log \sum \left(\frac{1}{n}x_i\right)$. Then $\frac{1}{n}\log(\Pi x_i) = \log\left(\sqrt[n]{\Pi x_i}\right) \leq \log\left(\frac{1}{n}\sum x_i\right)$, and exponentiation on both sides gives (1).

For **strictly** convex or concave functions, i.e. with the gradient never changing sign, equality in Jensen's Inequality holds if and only if all the x_i are equal. Since $\log x$ is strictly concave this is true for the AM-GM Inequality, allowing a pretty, non-calculus derivation of minimum surface area A for our soup can. Thus: $A = \tau r^2 + \tau rh = 0$ $\tau r^2 + 2V/r = \frac{1}{3}(3\tau r^2 + 3V/r + 3V/r)$, viewed as an arithmetic mean of three quantities. Apply the AM-GM Inequality: $\sqrt[3]{3\tau r^2 \times 3V/r \times 3V/r} = 3\sqrt[3]{\tau V^2} \le A$, with equality if and only if $\tau r^2 = V/r = \frac{1}{2}\tau rh$, giving h = 2r. For our 350 cm³ can, the optimal radius is about 3.82 cm giving $A \approx 275$ cm².

This inequality is embodied in Hölder's Defect Formula of 1885; Johan Jensen provided its general form in terms of convex functions in 1906.

Web link: machinelearningmastery.com/a-gentle-introduction-to-jensens-inequality/







