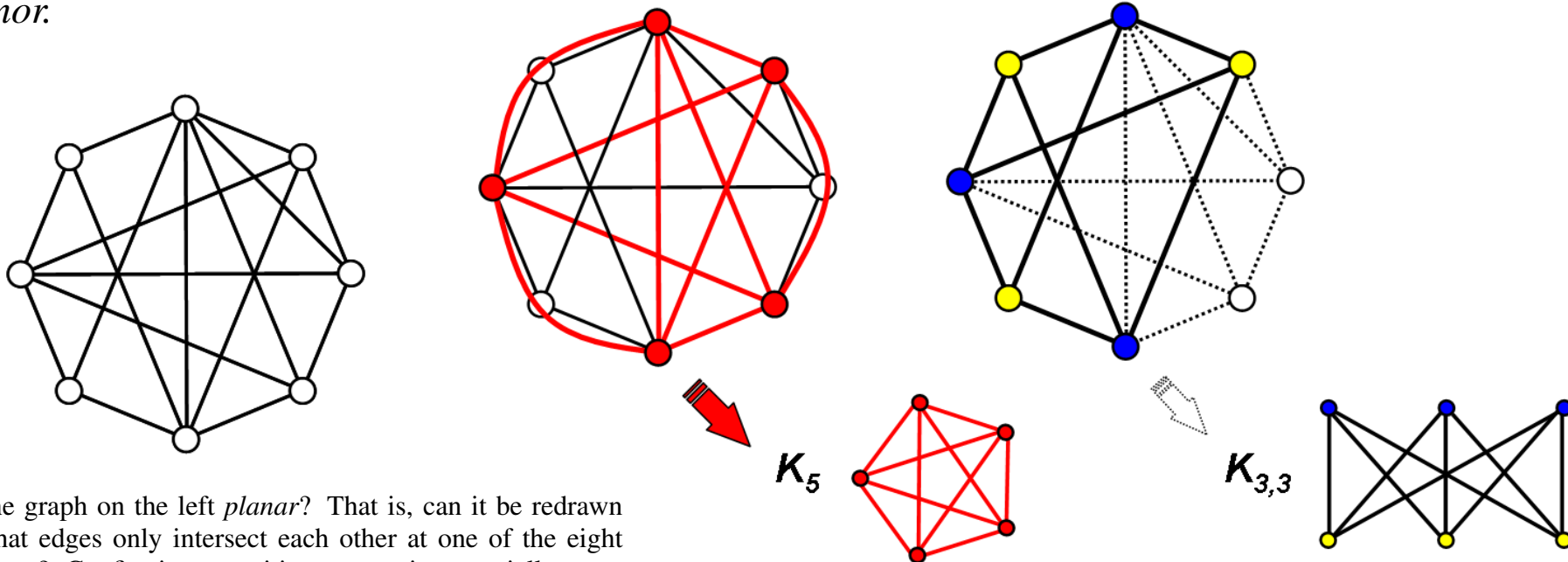




THEOREM OF THE DAY

Kuratowski's Theorem A graph G is planar if and only if it contains neither K_5 nor $K_{3,3}$ as a topological minor.



Is the graph on the left *planar*? That is, can it be redrawn so that edges only intersect each other at one of the eight vertices? Confirming a positive answer is potentially easy:

just show the redrawing. But a proof that there is *no* redrawing seems elusive: we might try a million unsuccessful attempts but feel we *nearly* have it. By an easy application of Euler's Polyhedral Formula, a graph with n vertices and more than $3n - 6$ edges cannot be planar. But this does not apply to the graph above left which has $17 < 3 \times 8 - 6$ edges. Kuratowski's theorem comes to the rescue: nonplanarity is confirmed as soon as we exhibit either K_5 or $K_{3,3}$ as a *topological minor*. H is a topological minor of G if it appears as a subgraph of G but with its edges replaced by internally disjoint paths (edge-sequences which share only their end points). In the picture, three of the edges of K_5 appear as paths

The Polish mathematician Kazimierz Kuratowski proved his theorem in 1930. Forty years later the dedication of Frank Harary's classic *Graph Theory* was:

To KASIMIR KURATOWSKI,
Who gave K_5 and $K_{3,3}$
To those who thought planarity
Was nothing but topology.

(In fact three other almost simultaneous discoveries of the theorem are recorded: Orrin Frink and Paul Althaus Smith; Lev Semenovich Pontrjagin; and Karl Menger!)

of length two; $K_{3,3}$ is actually a subgraph (all the disjoint paths are just the original edges). In this graph *both* of the forbidden topological minors are present; of course, either one alone is enough to prevent planarity.

By the way, K_5 itself is nonplanar since its edge count is $10 > 3 \times 5 - 6$. The nonplanarity of $K_{3,3}$ also follows from Euler's formula, e.g. see rip94550.wordpress.com/2008/11/30/.

Web link: www.cimt.org.uk/projects/mepres/alevel/alevel.htm, Discrete Mathematics Chapter 6; a short proof can be found here: ttic.uchicago.edu/~yury/papers/kuratowski.pdf; and for fun: [planarity.net!](http://planarity.net/)

Further reading: *Graphs and Digraphs, 5th Edition* by Gary Chartrand, Linda Lesniak and Ping Zhang, Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2010, chapter 6.

